



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 19.

**HAROLD HURLEY**, the 16-year-old boy, of Toledo, O., who in the last four years has had three surgical operations on his brain for the avowed purpose of curing his tendency to stealing was held by the police of that city on Wednesday, again charged with thievery. Surgeons now generally admit the failure of this method so far as his case is concerned. When 9 years old Hurley had his skull broken by an accident, and although he had a good record to that time, after coming out of the hospital the boy developed marked signs of incorrigibility. With the consent of his parents the doctors of the reform school performed an operation and removed a piece of bone which was pressing upon his brain, after which for a time he became tractable and affectionate. But within a year Harold was up to his old tricks. Another operation was performed, a portion of the skull being removed. Again he showed signs of docility. But the effect was not lasting. Performing operations on a thief's brain to cure him of stealing is the very nonsense, for a thief's a thief for a time. A barrel stave applied at the proper place is much more effective than the knife for reforming thieves.

DISPATCHES from European capitals show that grave conditions exist in Spain, Greece and Turkey. In the former country every precaution is being taken to prevent a revolt. Should such a movement get a start there is no telling how high the tide of insurrection will rise. Greece is growing tired of her king, and the greatest discontent is said to prevail in that country. The present regime is becoming more unpopular daily, and no one will be surprised to hear of overt acts on the part of the populace at any time. The popularity of the Young Turks is on the wane, and advice from Constantinople are to the effect that great dissatisfaction prevails, the deposition of Abdul Hamid and the placing of the reins of government in the hands of the powers that be not having resulted in bringing about the glorious days which had been predicted. Many people who are studying the signs of the times look for serious troubles, sooner or later, in all three of the countries named above.

The girl students at the University of Jena have published a statement drawn up in a most formal manner, to the effect that, having been accused of lack of originality, they wished the public to know that the barrette, or cap which was recently adopted by them as a head covering while they remained students, was made after original designs and was not copied from caps worn by either English or American students. An instructor of the institution in referring to the proclamation of originality, said: "This is the first time that the woman students have courted publicity, and, true to the sex, it is in a matter of dress and not of learning; not head but headress."

This country should be pretty well satisfied with its recent victory in the bleached flour condemnation case. "The Lancet," England's final authority on all things relating to health, unreservedly approves the result and scores millers who whiten flour with nitrous acid. "The slightly creamy color of unbleached flour," says "The Lancet," "is certainly more appetizing than the bluish whiteness of bleached flour, and the loss of odor and taste as a result of bleaching are sufficient objections to the process, even without taking into consideration the probable deleterious action of the nitrites on the system."

**SOPHIE BECK**, last of the four principals in the notorious Storey Cotton Company, which swindled thousands of investors and was broken up in its Philadelphia offices four years ago, was fined \$300 on the 9th and set free upon payment of this and \$200 costs. She had been trailed all over the world and finally had returned for the sake of a baby born to her while in Egypt, only to meet arrest. She is now convinced of the truth of the biblical observation "Be sure your sin will find you out."

#### Wax Women Burned.

New York, July 19.—A report that eight women were being burned to death in a store in Broadway, opposite the Marlborough Hotel, attracted a big crowd early today. Men and women poured out of the night rasked and restaurants and gave the police considerable trouble keeping them out of harm's way. In the meantime the guests of the hotel, most of them in night clothing, filled the windows to watch the firemen at work. The "eight women" proved to be wax models in the show window in which were displayed the latest Parisian creations. The loss was about \$5,000.

#### FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of Alexandria Gazette.) John Gross, the well known Washington newspaper man, died of apoplexy. He was born in Washington in 1852 and entered the New York Tribune in 1881. He worked for the New York Tribune Press, the old United Press, the American Press and during the last fifteen years for the Associated Press. His experience in every department of Washington newspaper work was complete; he was efficient and had an extensive acquaintance among public men. His wife survives him.

President Taft has decided upon the appointment of Whitefield McKinlay, a colored real-estate dealer of this city, as collector of customs in Washington, D. C. It is said that in regard to the president that this is the negro race in important federal appointments. The position pays about \$4,500 a year. McKinlay hails from South Carolina but has lived in Washington since 1884. He had the backing of Dr. Crum, colored minister to Liberia and other leading members of the race.

Officials of the Department of Commerce and Labor today expressed themselves as elated over the victory which the government has won in the preliminary legal fights to establish the constitutionality of the new white slave law, the most drastic ever placed upon American statute books and probably the most stringent in the world. The department is now preparing for four test cases which are to be taken up in the Appellate Courts next October. In three of these cases decisions favorable to the government have recently been given in the federal district courts. The cases involve two out of three new provisions in the present law. One of these permits the deportation of every foreign born white slave in the United States. The other places a penalty of from one to ten years imprisonment for an attempt to make any white slave, previously deported from this country to re-enter. Provided the courts sustain the constitutionality of these two clauses in the law, the immigration officials state that they can deal a staggering blow to the white slave traffic and wipe out a vast percentage of the women now held in white slave bondage in the larger cities. As to the third clause of the law, that prohibiting the transportation of white slaves across state commerce, Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor Cable today admitted that he entertained grave doubts as to its constitutionality, added that in view of the sweeping power that the other two provisions would give the department, it was doubtful if the clause would be tested until a thorough expulsion of foreign born white slaves had been effected.

Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army arrived in Washington today to resume the duties of his office. Although he was appointed to succeed Major General J. Franklin Bell last April, since that time he has been on a trip to Argentina to represent the United States at the Centennial Celebration. In the meantime many important questions have been arising awaiting his decision. Just what effect the personality of the new chief of staff will have on the army is a matter of some moment to the officers who know something of his career. It is expected that he will undertake most actively a number of reforms which might meet with the approval of the army at large. One of the questions which will be taken up by General Wood is the physical test of officers. Since President Roosevelt inaugurated this system many officers have been hoping that it would be modified. General Wood is one of the foremost of physical culture enthusiasts. Instead of being made milder it is not unlikely that the tests will be made harder than ever. The details of troops to the Philippines is another matter that will be disposed of by General Wood very soon.

He has also a number of ideas regarding co-operation between the regular army and the militia which he probably will attempt to put in practice. General Carter, who has been acting chief of staff, will take his place as assistant chief. General Bliss, whom he succeeds, will go to San Francisco to relieve General Barry, who takes command of West Point.

Whether an ingredient used in the manufacture of smokeless powder and gun cotton shall be imported free of duty or under tariff at 20 per cent will be fought out in the court of customs appraisers of New York recently decided that the article in question, which is made from cotton, should come in as cotton waste free of duty. D. Frank Lloyd, chief assistant attorney general before the court of customs appraisers, called the attention of the department, to the fact, in his opinion, that the product which the appraisers let in free should really be assessed 20 per cent ad valorem duty as the manufacture of cotton. He was instructed to appeal from the decision to the customs court.

The United States today began proceedings in ejectment to recover 120,000 square feet of land bordering on Rock Creek from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Co., the Barber Asphalt Co., and several individuals. The property forms a portion of a possible link between Potomac Park and Rock Creek Park. The principle at issue is considered of great importance as it will apply to numerous tracts in the district.

Collector of New York, was in Washington today. His mission was said to be attendance at a meeting of the directors of a local traction company. He visited the Treasury Department but was explained that it was only a social call.

In the presence of five tribe chiefs, Emil Mitchell, was today, in a law office in this city, named as the new chief of the gypsies of the United States.

Formal orders were issued today setting to remote posts the high ranking officers of the Marine Corps recently captured by the secretary of the navy for participating in the so-called capture of New York. General Elliott, Col. Charles H. Landheimer was ordered to the Philippines for duty. Col. Frank L. Denny to San Francisco, and Lieut. Col. Thomas C. Prince to the Philippines. Lieut. Col. Henry Haines was ordered to take charge of headquarters, adjutant and inspector's office, Washington, D. C., and Lieut. Col. Charles L. McCawley will assume charge of the quartermaster's department, Col. Charles A. Doyen, was

detached from duty at Annapolis and ordered to duty at Bremerton Navy Yard, on Puget Sound. Col. William Biddle was designated to act temporarily as commandant during the absence of General Elliott. The shake up in the Marine Corps is the result of the finding of the court of inquiry that many of the officers became lax in their military duties because of too long tenure of office in Washington. As a result of the Charleston Navy Yard; Lieutenant Col. Franklin J. Moses is transferred from headquarters to take command of a station at Annapolis; Major William B. Lemly becomes assistant quartermaster at Washington.

President Taft, through the State Department accepted today the office of honorary president of the International Congress of American Students to which he was elected by acclamation at the meeting now being held at Buenos Aires. The following message was sent to the president and secretary of the Congress by Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson. The president directs me to convey to the International Congress of American Students his thanks for their courteous action in electing him their honorary president. The pleasure of the president in accepting this compliment and in thus landing his patronage on the Congress is the greater because of his conviction that the association of scholars and the interchange of students among the universities of the American republics should be a potent factor in cementing international good understanding between the peoples of all our countries.

Lawrence T. Hayes, 45 years old, of 409 D street, northeast, committed suicide today by cutting his throat. Continued ill health is said to have been the cause.

Washington's guardsmen, more than 1,500 strong, left today for Gettysburg, Pa., where they will remain in camp for thirteen days.

#### TURKEY ASTIR.

Revolution Against Young Turks Feared—Lot Not Changed by New Regime.

Constantinople, July 19.—A revolution against the rule of the Young Turks is momentarily expected in Turkey, and, strange as it may seem, the Turkish people are almost a unit in praying for success for the reactionaries. It was just two years ago that the world was startled with the news that the Young Turks had marched into Constantinople, deposed Sultan Abdul Hamid, placed his brother on the Ottoman throne, and created a form of constitutional government, with a parliament, but the mass of Turkish people has come to realize that their lot has not been improved by the change.

While the constitutional government has swept away some of the abuses which marked the absolute monarchy, it has brought down upon the Turkish people more and greater abuses.

The parliamentary government of the Young Turks is an empty shell. Martial law is still proclaimed in Constantinople, so that persons making themselves politically objectionable to the leaders of the Young Turk movement can be arrested and thrown into prison at will. The Young Turks have exercised this power to the extreme and Constantinople prisons are overcrowded with independent thinkers. Those opposed to the Young Turks' committee are oppressed and maltreated just as badly as the Young Turks themselves were treated by the former Sultan. The people had grown to expect this oppression from an absolute monarch, but it galls when used by the Young Turks, who profess freedom.

The revolutionary spirit is being fostered by thousands of reactionary officials who lost well-paying posts, by Mohammedan priests who believe the new regime will lead to infidelity to the Moslem religion, and by true followers of Abdul Hamid, who will go to any extreme to bring the deposed Sultan back from Salonica, where he is held prisoner by the Young Turks.

The Young Turks declare the repressive methods they are using are necessary to combat these elements and safeguard the constitution. Their enemies aver, however, that the Young Turks oppress not only the reactionaries but also the friends of liberty and progress who cannot see events exactly as the Young Turks want them seen.

It is the persecution of the Progressives that is weaving a web of discontent around the Young Turks and that promises to undermine their rule to such an extent that the revolt planned by Abdul Hamid's friends will be successful.

#### Amicable Adjustment Expected.

Pittsburg, July 19.—An amicable adjustment of the threatened strike on the Pennsylvania Railroad west of Pittsburg will likely be completed in a conference between officials and a committee of nine from the conductors and firemen in session here today. Both sides have submitted together with an explanation of what each wants and this afternoon it is expected that further data will be submitted to the railroad officials. As a result of the success of the Philadelphia conference, both sides here are confident of coming to terms.

Philadelphia, July 19.—With the points in dispute between the trainmen and conductors of the Pennsylvania Railroad and their general managers now settled, there remained to be arranged the practical system along which the agreement reached may be worked out.

#### Zeppelin's Ill Luck.

Friedrichshafen, Germany, July 19.—Ill luck continues to pursue Count Zeppelin, builder of the monster dirigible balloons that have been wrecked aloft. The great hydrogen gasplant in a lonely spot near here exploded today with terrific force, seriously injuring a number of workmen. Several houses in the vicinity, occupied by workmen for Count Zeppelin, were destroyed by the blast. The cause of the accident has not been ascertained.

#### Moroccans to Resist French.

Tangiers, July 19.—A great body of Moroccan soldiery, is gathering in the vicinity of Tangiers, with the announced intention of preventing the threatened invasion by French desert troops. The high priests are preaching a holy war and it is declared, it is feared bloody fighting will result.

#### Georgetown Wheat Market.

Georgetown, D. C., July 19.—Wheat 30.95

#### GRAND TRUNK STRIKE

Thousands of Men, Trainmen, Machinists and Others Idle—No Disorder.

Toronto, Ont., July 19.—Freight and traffic on the Grand Trunk system are at a standstill today. Following last night's walkout of the conductors and trainmen on the system only mail trains were being moved early today. There has been no violence so far.

The union officials insisted this morning that the company will give in in a short time. The railroad officials declare non-union men are being brought from terminal and that business will soon be resumed.

The Grand Trunk system extends from Chicago, through Canada, to Portland, Me. About 4,500 conductors, brakemen, baggage men and yardmen abandoned their posts when the strike order arrived. In compliance with the order trains were taken to terminals and yards cleared before the men stopped work.

The company last evening positively refused to pay the wage standard recently put into effect on the eastern railroads operating in the United States, its counter proposition being an eighteen per cent increase all around with a promise that the standard scale would be reached in 1913. This latter proposition was rejected and the strike order issued.

Besides the trainmen affected the strike has temporarily closed all the shops on the system. This involves 5,000 men additional, and it was announced today that the railroad company will give preference to these shopmen in filling the places of the striking trainmen. In this way it is asserted that the company will get men with considerable experience in railroad work to take the places of the strikers and trains can be operated without confusion.

#### Franks of Lightning.

Lewistown, Pa., July 19.—In a brilliant, aving display of lightning bolts Saturday night there was one bolt that outdid all the others combined. The bolt struck the house of Harry Mitchell, shattering it like a sieve. Even clothing in the wardrobe was torn to ribbons and, scorched as it sprinkled with acid. Running down a rainspout, it next struck a barrel of water in front of the kitchen where Mrs. Mitchell was taking a drink. The pie was all turned upside down in the oven and the crusts and "fill" splattered about. Striking a stone wall along the turnpike, the bolt followed a creek to the Juniata river, and witnesses say that for several minutes the river was a sheet of flame.

Mr. Mitchell was at the chicken house and had an ax in his hand when the bolt first appeared and struck him, knocking the ax twenty feet. The lightning played about him until Alfred Allen, a neighbor, believing he was on fire, dashed a bucket of water over him. Stones weighing 100 pounds were tossed about, and a part of the bolt followed a sheet of rain up the pike to Lake Park and Bratton avenue, where several citizens were stunned.

#### Appeal Allowed.

Philadelphia, July 19.—The superior court today allowed the appeal of Charles Stewart, former select councilman of Pittsburg who has a prison sentence hanging over him as a result of the expose of the graft method of conduct in that city. The order filed today acts as a supersedeas upon Stewart entering bail in the sum of 10,000 and on condition that he prosecute his appeal with effect and that he comply with any order or judgment that the higher court may enter in the case. Stewart was tried and convicted and sentenced to eight months imprisonment. After fighting the case through the lower court in an effort to keep out of jail, Stewart recently carried his case to the Superior Court, his appeal being granted by Judge Henderson subject to the approval of the other members of the court. This approval was granted today.

#### Bolt Kills Mother Only.

Staten Island, N. Y., July 19.—Mrs. Ellis Owens, Jr., was killed by a bolt of lightning Sunday night while washing dishes in her kitchen. The storm was very severe, and the Owens house seemed a particular mark for the lightning. So vivid were the flashes that her four young children gathered around their mother, clinging to her skirts and crying. Suddenly there was a particularly severe crash, which came down the chimney and set the house afire. Mr. Owens, who rushed into the kitchen from a front room, found his wife lying on the floor. He thought she was only stunned and quickly carried her to the home of her sister, a few doors away. Doctors said she had been killed instantly. Strangely none of the children was touched.

#### A Boy Anarchist.

Naples, July 19.—A boy of thirteen hurled a bottle-bomb at the Duke of Aosta today, while the prince was proceeding through the streets in his automobile. The bottle just missed the duke's head and did not explode. The police seized the boy. His father was declared to be one of the most rabid anarchists of the city.

#### Sale of Cup Defenders.

New York, July 19.—Today's published list of yacht sales indicates that in the past few days two of the famous cup defenders have changed hands. The great Volunteer, which successfully defended the America's cup against the Thistle in 1887, was sold by Captain Barr to the Marine Equipment Company, while the bronze yawl Vigilant, which defended the cup from Valkyrie II in 1893, was sold to J. A. McAllister, of New York, by W. E. Iselin, of the New York Yacht Club.

#### STOLE A MISER'S \$5,000.

The prediction, often made to Joshua Higgins, that he would be robbed of his lifetime savings because he did not trust banks, came true Sunday, when robbers entered the house while the old man slept and secured a sum estimated from \$4,000 to \$5,000 in gold, silver and paper. It has been known for many years that Higgins, who lives alone, four miles west of Gumboro, Del., kept thousands of dollars secreted in his home.

The old man made his money by farming and fishing and up until a few years ago was a money-lender, but suddenly became imbued with the idea that those to whom he had loaned money intended to beat him out of it, and calling in all his wealth, he hoarded it.

Mr. Higgins says he was aroused about 3 o'clock yesterday morning by strange noises and, jumping from bed, ran quickly to where the trunk was stored. He became frantic upon finding it gone. Seizing a shotgun he ran from the house and fired several shots in various directions, hoping to frighten the thieves so that they would drop the money. He finally called neighbors to assist in the search, but no tracks could be found. In the money stolen was about \$2,000 in gold.

President Taft sailed from Beverly yesterday on the Mayflower for a cruise along the Maine coast.

#### CONDITIONS IN SPAIN.

Strike Situation Becoming More Serious Daily—General Uprising Feared.

Bilbao, Spain, July 19.—Martial law in the strike ridden district was today refused by the government, although the larger employers, whose thousands of hands are on strike, have made urgent appeals for the suspension of the constitution and rule by the military. The government officials fear that the declaration of martial law will be the sign for an instant rebellion and that bloody fighting, such as occurred last year, will be repeated. The situation is growing more serious each day, the labor agitators meeting with great success in their efforts to paralyze the industries of the nation as a protest against the action of the government. There is an air of untoward anxiety manifested about the war and home offices, active preparations being under way to quell a revolt in its incipency. It is not denied that a general uprising in the revolutionary districts is feared by the government.

#### The Crippen Murder.

London, July 19.—More details of the methods used by Dr. H. H. Crippen in murdering his wife, Belle Elmore, the American actress, are coming to light, and operatives from Scotland Yard declare the crime one of the most brutal in British criminal annals.

A large force of workmen, with grappling hooks, began dragging Regent's Canal today in the hope of finding the lead, hands and feet of the woman, together with other parts of the torso. Some believe that Dr. Crippen dissolved the bones in a vat of sulphuric acid.

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On Saturday next Cardinal Gibbons will be 76 years old, and will quietly celebrate the occasion at the home of Mr. T. Herbert Shriver, at Union Mills, Md., unless he should decide to return to the archiepiscopal residence.

Mr. Roosevelt, insisting that he did not desire to assume the role of dictator, agreed yesterday to aid in the campaign of his nephew, Theodore Robinson, if the latter obtained a nomination for Congress in his New York district.

Finally persuaded by his friends to enter the race for United States senator A. C. Spalding, the sporting goods man, filed his application as a candidate with the secretary of state at Sacramento, Cal., half an hour before the time limit expired Monday night.

A rumor given wide circulation among sporting men in New York today that Charles E. Davies, better known as "Parson" Davies, prizefight promoter, and former manager of Peter Jackson, Bob Fitzsimmons and Jim Hall, was dying at Conny Island, was promptly denied by the old sport.

Pictures of prize fights between white men are not barred by the new Georgia anti-fight picture law, which passed the legislature yesterday. The measure simply forbids the exhibition of pictures of fights between white men and negroes, and was designed to prevent those of the Jeffries-Johnson contest.

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"I have been overwhelmed with offers of marriage as well as of employment. But these offers do not appeal to me. I have my own sweetheart, and if I were inclined to consider a second one, it seems that mine should be the privilege of inviting her attentions, without having them trust upon me. At first I did not take such things seriously, but since then I have known other girls, who have shared the same fate, merely because they are more beautiful than their colleagues. Generally these unsatisfactory conditions exist only in offices maintained by one man who engaged from the first to the last business hours of the day, and so endeavors to amuse himself as best he can. I have worked in offices where there were 17 girls, and by the end of the third week I was embarrassed by repeated offers of company, pleasure and the like by various men in the office. This gave rise to some bitter passes between some of the other girls and myself. 'Now I'll try elsewhere, but it is impossible to determine whether I can find what I really want. You see, I am already engaged, and I hope to be married by the autumn of next year, but until then I want to do something. I have now an offer from a large firm in another town, and I'll be at work next Tuesday morning.'

#### STRIKE AVERTED.

General Manager W. H. Myers, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the committee representing the 15,000 trainmen and conductors employed on the lines of the road east of Pittsburg, yesterday agreed on a basis for the settlement of the wage controversy. Each side claims to have gained all that it had been contending for in the negotiations which have been in progress for the past six months and which culminated last week in the strike vote by the employees.

The proposition offered yesterday by the railroad officials and accepted by the men includes a minimum day or 10 hours, as detailed in the New York Central award. On certain runs, where the company's present rate is higher, the rate will not be disturbed.

The classification of these exceptional runs and the question of overtime were left to be decided at conferences between the various members of the committee and the division superintendents of the lines which they represent.

It was further agreed that the men would be guaranteed 26 days work a month. While the men regard this as a concession, the railroad officials say that during the recent hard times the men were benefited by being worked on short time, rather than being laid off altogether.

#### TROLLEY ROUTES ARE READY.

The surveying corps of the Richmond and Chesapeake Bay Railroad Company has completed its work of surveying routes between Ashland and Fredericksburg and from Fredericksburg to Washington for the new electric line. Of the two lines surveyed between the one by way of Manassas is four and one-half miles longer than the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad between Richmond and Washington, and the one by Occoquan is eight miles shorter than the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad. Estimates of the cost of building over the two lines for comparison are now being made.

Teething children have more or less diarrhoea, which can be controlled by giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary is to give the prescribed dose after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. Sold by W. F. Reighton and Richard Gibson.

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Teething children have more or less diarrhoea, which can be controlled by giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All that is necessary is to give the prescribed dose after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. Sold by W. F. Reighton and Richard Gibson.

#### SALES OF CUP DEFENDERS.

New York, July 19.—Today's published list of yacht sales indicates that in the past few days two of the famous cup defenders have changed hands. The great Volunteer, which successfully defended the America's cup against the Thistle in 1887, was sold by Captain Barr to the Marine Equipment Company, while the bronze yawl Vigilant, which defended the cup from Valkyrie II in 1893, was sold to J. A. McAllister, of New York, by W. E. Iselin, of the New York Yacht Club.

#### STOLE A MISER